Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) ● 2012 RESULTS

Questions about MPMP results should be addressed to:

Name: Peggy Young-Lovelace	Phone: 705-869-0225
Title: Clerk-Treasurer	
Municipality: Township of Baldwin	
Email: peggy@townshipofbaldwin.ca	

Related documents and links:

www.townshipofbaldwin.ca		

Local Government

CONTACT PERSON FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT: Peggy Young Lovelace

1.1 GENERAL GOVERNMENT - EFFICIENCY							
	2012	2011	2010	2009			
Operating costs for governance and corporate management as a percentage of total municipal operating costs.	12.0%	9.0%	8.5%	7.1%			
Total costs for governance and corporate management as a percentage of total municipal costs.	10.1%	7.6%	7.3%				

OBJECTIVE:

Efficient local government.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

Primary costs are attributed to Council, Human Resources, Finance, Legal, Information Technology, Facilities, Communications and Audit

- The formulas for efficiency measures were revised in 2009 to reflect changes in the reporting of expenses consistent with accrual accounting concepts. New total cost measures were introduced and revised in 2010. Total costs mean operating costs as defined in MPMP, plus amortization and interest on long term debt, less revenue received from other municipalities for tangible capital assets.
- Financial Information Return: 91 0206 35 (Operating costs measure) and 91 0206 45 (Total costs measure).

Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) ● 2012 RESULTS

Fire Services

CONTACT PERSON FOR FIRE SERVICES: Peggy Young Lovelace

2.1 FIRE SERVICES – EFFICIENCY							
	2012	2011	2010	2009			
2.1 a) Operating costs for fire services per \$1,000 of assessment.	\$ 2.13	\$ 3.19	\$ 2.41	\$ 3.34			
2.1 b) Total costs for fire services per \$1,000 of assessment.	\$ 2.80	\$ 3.88	\$ 3.13				

OBJECTIVE:

Efficient fire services.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

Composition of 12 volunteer firefighters, Chief and Deputy Chief

REFERENCE:

- The formulas for efficiency measures were revised in 2009 to reflect changes in the reporting of expenses consistent with accrual accounting concepts. New total cost measures were introduced and revised in 2010. Total costs mean operating costs as defined in MPMP, plus amortization and interest on long term debt, less revenue received from other municipalities for tangible capital assets.
- Financial Information Return: 91 1103 35 (Operating costs measure) and 91 1103 45 (Total costs measure).

	2.2 & 2.3 CIVILIAN FIRE RELATED INJURIES – EFFECTIVENESS							
		2012	2011	2010	2009			
2.2	Number of residential fire related civilian injuries per 1,000 persons.	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000			
2.3	Number of residential fire related civilian injuries averaged over 5 years per 1,000 persons.	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000			

OBJECTIVE:

Minimize the number of civilian injuries in residential fires.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

REFERENCE:

• Financial Information Return: 92 1151 07 (2.2) and 92 1152 07 (2.3).

Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) • 2012 RESULTS

2.4 & 2.5 CIVILIAN	2012	2011	2010	2009			
2.4 Number of residential fire related civilian fatalities per 1,000 persons.	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000			
2.5 Number of residential fire related civilian fatalities averaged over 5 years per 1,000 persons.	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000			
OBJECTIVE: Minimize the number of civilian fatalities i	n residential fires		1				
NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:							

REFERENCE:

• Financial Information Return: 92 1155 07 (2.4) and 92 1156 07 (2.5).

2012 2011 2010 2009 2.6 Number of residential structural fires per 1,000 households. OBJECTIVE:						
per 1,000 flousefloids.						

REFERENCE:

• Financial Information Return: 92 1160 07.

Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) ● 2012 RESULTS

Police Services

CONTACT PERSON FOR POLICE SERVICES: Peggy Young Lovelace

3.1 POLICE SERVICES – EFFICIENCY									
		2012		2011		2010		2009	
3.1 a) Operating costs for police services per person. ¹	\$	571.33	\$	452.77	\$	403.01	\$	358.19	
3.1 b) Total costs for police services per person.	\$	571.33	\$	452.77	\$	403.01			

OBJECTIVE:

Efficient police services.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

This area is policed by the Ontario Provincial Police based on a service formula.

REFERENCE:

- The formulas for efficiency measures were revised in 2009 to reflect changes in the reporting of expenses consistent with accrual accounting concepts. New total cost measures were introduced and revised in 2010. Total costs mean operating costs as defined in MPMP, plus amortization and interest on long term debt, less revenue received from other municipalities for tangible capital assets.
- ¹ As of 2009, the efficiency measures for police services do not include expenses for prisoner transportation or court security since expenses for these services are being uploaded to the province over a number of years. The efficiency measures for police services align with effectiveness measures based on crime rates.
- Financial Information Return: 91 1204 35 (Operating costs measure) and 91 1204 45 (Total costs measure).

3.2 VI					
	2012	2011	2010	2009	
3.2 Violent crime rate per 1,000 persons. ¹	9.0	5.0	6.0	7.0	

OBJECTIVE:

Safe communities.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

- 1 Statistics Canada has expanded the definition of violent crime. Therefore, prior years are not comparable unless restated.
- Financial Information Return: 92 1258 07.

Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) ● 2012 RESULTS

3.3 PROPERTY CRIME RATE – EFFECTIVENESS						
	2012	2011	2010	2009		
3.3 Property crime rate per 1,000 persons. ¹	14.0	10.0	45.0	33.0		

OBJECTIVE:

Safe communities.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

REFERENCE:

- ¹ Statistics Canada has expanded the definition of property crime. Therefore, prior years are not comparable unless restated.
- Financial Information Return: 92 1259 07.

3.4 T	OTAL CRIME	RATE – EFFE	CTIVENESS		
	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
3.4 Total crime rate per 1,000 persons (<i>Criminal Code</i> offences, excluding traffic).	25.0	19.0	56.0	3.0	9.0

OBJECTIVE:

Safe communities.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

REFERENCE:

• Financial Information Return: 92 1263 07.

3.5 YOUTH CRIME RATE – EFFECTIVENESS							
	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008		
3.5 Youth crime rate per 1,000 youths.	1.0	10.0	1.0	0.0	0.0		

OBJECTIVE:

Safe communities.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

REFERENCE:

• Financial Information Return: 92 1265 07.

Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) ● 2012 RESULTS

Building Permits & Inspection Services

CONTACT PERSON FOR BUILDING PERMITS & INSPECTION SERVICES: Peggy Young Lovelace

	4.1 BUILDING PERMITS & INSPECTION SERVICES – EFFICIENCY									
			2012		2011					
4.1 a)	Operating costs for building permits and inspection services per \$1,000 of construction activity (based on permits issued).	\$	0.03	\$	0.01					
4.1 b)	Total costs for building permits and inspection services per \$1,000 of construction activity (based on permits issued).	\$	0.03	\$	0.01					

OBJECTIVE:

Efficient building permits and inspection services.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

- MPMP measures for building permits and inspection services were introduced in 2011.
- Financial Information Return: 91 1301 35 (Operating costs measure) and 91 1301 45 (Total costs measure).

Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) ● 2012 RESULTS

Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) ● 2012 RESULTS

Roads

CONTACT PERSON FOR ROADS:

5.1 PAVED ROADS – EFFICIENCY 2012 2011 2010 5.1 a) Operating costs for payed (hard top)							
		2012		2011		2010	
5.1 a) Operating costs for paved (hard top) roads per lane kilometre. ¹	\$	2,453.14	\$	3,158.04	\$	2,321.86	
5.1 b) Total costs for paved (hard top) roads per lane kilometre.	\$	5,556.43	\$	6,250.43	\$	5,438.50	

OBJECTIVE:

Efficient maintenance of paved roads.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

REFERENCE:

- ¹ The formulas for efficiency measures for paved roads were revised in 2010 to net out revenue received from utilities for utility cut repairs.
- The total cost measure was also revised in 2010. Total costs mean operating costs as defined in MPMP, plus amortization and interest on long term debt, less revenue received from other municipalities for tangible capital assets.
- Financial Information Return: 91 2111 35 (Operating costs measure) and 91 2111 45 (Total costs measure).

5.	5.2 UNPAVED ROADS – EFFICIENCY								
		2012		2011		2010		2009	
5.2 a) Operating costs for unpaved (loose top) roads per lane kilometre.	\$	1,024.33	\$	1,091.63	\$	802.63	\$	2,452.00	
5.2 b) Total costs for unpaved (loose top) roads per lane kilometre.	\$	2,097.07	\$	2,160.59	\$	1,879.96			

OBJECTIVE:

Efficient maintenance of unpaved roads.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

- The formulas for efficiency measures were revised in 2009 to reflect changes in the reporting of expenses consistent with accrual accounting concepts. New total cost measures were introduced and revised in 2010. Total costs mean operating costs as defined in MPMP, plus amortization and interest on long term debt, less revenue received from other municipalities for tangible capital assets.
- Financial Information Return: 91 2110 35 (Operating costs measure) and 91 2110 45 (Total costs measure).

Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) ● 2012 RESULTS

5.3 BRIDGES AND CULVERTS – EFFICIENCY							
		2012		2011	2010	2009	
5.3 a)	Operating costs for bridges and culverts per square metre of surface area.	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	
5.3 b)	Total costs for bridges and culverts per square metre of surface area.	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -		

0

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

REFERENCE:

- The formulas for efficiency measures were revised in 2009 to reflect changes in the reporting of expenses consistent with accrual accounting concepts. New total cost measures were introduced and revised in 2010. Total costs mean operating costs as defined in MPMP, plus amortization and interest on long term debt, less revenue received from other municipalities for tangible capital assets.
- Financial Information Return: 91 2130 35 (Operating costs measure) and 91 2130 45 (Total costs measure).

5.4 WINTER MAINTENANCE OF ROADS – EFFICIENCY									
			2012		2011		2010		2009
5.4 a)	Operating costs for winter maintenance of roadways per lane kilometre maintained in winter.	\$	798.56	\$	681.40	\$	647.66	\$	649.00
5.4 b)	Total costs for winter maintenance of roadways per lane kilometre maintained in winter.	\$	798.56	\$	681.40	\$	647.66		

OBJECTIVE:

Efficient winter maintenance of roads.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

Road maintenance standards are met at each and every event.

- The formulas for efficiency measures were revised in 2009 to reflect changes in the reporting of expenses consistent with accrual accounting concepts. New total cost measures were introduced and revised in 2010. Total costs mean operating costs as defined in MPMP, plus amortization and interest on long term debt, less revenue received from other municipalities for tangible capital assets.
- Financial Information Return: 91 2205 35 (Operating costs measure) and 91 2205 45 (Total costs measure).

Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) • 2012 RESULTS

5.5 ADEQUACY OF PAVED ROADS – EFFECTIVENESS							
	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008		
5.5 Percentage of paved lane kilometres where the condition is rated as good to very good. ¹	96%	89%	89%	60%	30%		

OBJECTIVE:

Pavement condition meets municipal objectives.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

REFERENCE:

- ¹ Pavement condition is rated using a Pavement Condition Index (PCI) such as the Index used by the Ontario Good Roads Association (OGRA) or the Ministry of Transportation's Roads Inventory Management System (RIMS).
- Financial Information Return: 92 2152 07.

5.6 ADEQUACY OF BRIDGES AND CULVERTS – EFFECTIVENESS								
	2012	2011	2010	2009				
5.6 Percentage of bridges and culverts where the condition is rated as good to very good. ¹	0%	0%	0%	0%				

OBJECTIVE:

Safe bridges and culverts.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

- The effectiveness measure for bridges and culverts was introduced in 2009.
- ¹ A bridge or culvert is rated as being in good to very good condition if distress to the primary components is minimal, requiring only maintenance. Primary components are the main load carrying components of the structure, including the deck, beams, girders, abutments, foundations, etc.
- Financial Information Return: 92 2165 07.

Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) ● 2012 RESULTS

	5.7 WINTE	R EVENT RE	SPONSES – E	FFECTIVENE	SS			
		2012	2011	2010	2009	2008		
5.7	Percentage of winter events where the response met or exceeded locally determined municipal service levels for road maintenance.	90%	90%	90%	100%	84%		
	OBJECTIVE: Response to winter storm events meets locally determined service levels for winter road maintenance.							
	NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDE	RSTANDING F	RESULTS:					
	REFERENCE: • Financial Information Return: 92 22	251 07.						

Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) • 2012 RESULTS

Conventional Transit

CONTACT PERSON FOR TRANSIT: Peggy Young Lovelace

6.1 CONVENTIONAL TRANSIT – EFFICIENCY							
	2012	2011	2010	2009			
6.1 a) Operating costs for conventional transit per regular service passenger trip.	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
6.1 b) Total costs for conventional transit per regular service passenger trip.	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				

OBJECTIVE:

Efficient conventional transit services.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

REFERENCE:

- The formulas for efficiency measures were revised in 2009 to reflect changes in the reporting of expenses consistent with accrual accounting concepts. New total cost measures were introduced and revised in 2010. Total costs mean operating costs as defined in MPMP, plus amortization and interest on long term debt, less revenue received from other municipalities for tangible capital assets.
- Financial Information Return: 91 2203 35 (Operating costs measure) and 91 2203 45 (Total costs measure).

6.2 CONVENTIONAL TRANSIT RIDERSHIP – EFFECTIVENESS								
	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008			
6.2 Number of conventional transit passenger trips per person in the service area in a year.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			

OBJECTIVE:

Maximum utilization of municipal transit services.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

REFERENCE:

• Financial Information Return: 92 2351 07.

Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) ● 2012 RESULTS

Wastewater (Sewage)

CONTACT PERSON FOR WASTEWATER: Peggy Young Lovelace

	7.1 WASTEWATER COLLECTION/CONVEYANCE – EFFICIENCY								
		201	2	2011	2010	2009			
7.1 a)	Operating costs for the collection/conveyance of wastewater per kilometre of wastewater main.	\$ -	\$		\$ -	\$ -			
7.1 b)	Total costs for the collection/conveyance of wastewater per kilometre of wastewater main.	\$ -	\$		\$ -				

OBJECTIVE:

Efficient municipal wastewater collection/conveyance.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

REFERENCE:

- The formulas for efficiency measures were revised in 2009 to reflect changes in the reporting of expenses consistent with accrual accounting concepts. New total cost measures were introduced and revised in 2010. Total costs mean operating costs as defined in MPMP, plus amortization and interest on long term debt, less revenue received from other municipalities for tangible capital assets.
- Financial Information Return: 91 3111 35 (Operating costs measure) and 91 3111 45 (Total costs measure).

7.2 WASTEWATER TREATMENT AND DISPOSAL – EFFICIENCY					
	2012	2011	2010	2009	
7.2 a) Operating costs for the treatment and disposal of wastewater per megalitre.	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
7.2 b) Total costs for the treatment and disposal of wastewater per megalitre.	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		

OBJECTIVE:

Efficient municipal wastewater treatment and disposal.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

- The formulas for efficiency measures were revised in 2009 to reflect changes in the reporting of expenses consistent with accrual accounting concepts. New total cost measures were introduced and revised in 2010. Total costs mean operating costs as defined in MPMP, plus amortization and interest on long term debt, less revenue received from other municipalities for tangible capital assets.
- Financial Information Return: 91 3112 35 (Operating costs measure) and 91 3112 45 (Total costs measure).

Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) ● 2012 RESULTS

collection/conveyance, treatment, and disposal of wastewater per megalitre (integrated system).	7.3 WASTEWATER INTEGRATED SYSTEM – EFFICIENCY						
collection/conveyance, treatment, and disposal of wastewater per megalitre (integrated system). 7.3 b) Total costs for the collection/conveyance, treatment, and disposal of wastewater per megalitre \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$		2012	2011	2010	2009		
collection/conveyance, treatment, and disposal of wastewater per megalitre \$ - \$ - \$ -	collection/conveyance, treatment, and disposal of wastewater per megalitre		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
	collection/conveyance, treatment, and disposal of wastewater per megalitre		\$ -	\$ -			

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

REFERENCE:

- The formulas for efficiency measures were revised in 2009 to reflect changes in the reporting of expenses consistent with accrual accounting concepts. New total cost measures were introduced and revised in 2010. Total costs mean operating costs as defined in MPMP, plus amortization and interest on long term debt, less revenue received from other municipalities for tangible capital assets.
- Financial Information Return: 91 3113 35 (Operating costs measure) and 91 3113 45 (Total costs measure).

7.4 WASTE	WATER MAIN	BACKUPS -	EFFECTIVEN	ESS	
	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
7.4 Number of wastewater main backups per 100 kilometres of wastewater main in a year.	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

OBJECTIVE:

Municipal sewage management practices prevent environmental and human health hazards.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

REFERENCE:

• Financial Information Return: 92 3154 07.

Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) ● 2012 RESULTS

	7.5 WASTEWA	TER BYPASSE	S TREATMEN	NT – EFFECTI	VENESS	
		2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
7.5	Percentage of wastewater estimated to have by-passed treatment.	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
	OBJECTIVE: Municipal sewage management praction	ces prevent envi	ronmental and h	numan health ha	zards.	
	NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDE	ERSTANDING R	ESULTS:			
	REFERENCE: • Financial Information Return: 92 31	55 07.				

Storm Water

CONTACT PERSON FOR STORM WATER: Peggy Young Lovelace

8.1 URBAN STORM WATER MANAGEMENT – EFFICIENCY						
	2012	2011	2010	2009		
8.1 a) Operating costs for urban storm water management (collection, treatment, disposal) per kilometre of drainage system.	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
8.1 b) Total costs for urban storm water management (collection, treatment, disposal) per kilometre of drainage system.	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			

OBJECTIVE:

Efficient urban storm water management.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

- The formulas for efficiency measures were revised in 2009 to reflect changes in the reporting of expenses consistent with accrual accounting concepts. New total cost measures were introduced and revised in 2010. Total costs mean operating costs as defined in MPMP, plus amortization and interest on long term debt, less revenue received from other municipalities for tangible capital assets.
- Financial Information Return: 91 3209 35 (Operating costs measure) and 91 3209 45 (Total costs measure).

Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) ● 2012 RESULTS

8.2 RURAL STORM WATER MANAGEMENT – EFFICIENCY					
	2012	2011	2010	2009	
8.2 a) Operating costs for rural storm water management (collection, treatment, disposal) per kilometre of drainage system.	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
8.2 b) Total costs for rural storm water management (collection, treatment, disposal) per kilometre of drainage system.	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		

OBJECTIVE:

Efficient rural storm water management.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

- The formulas for efficiency measures were revised in 2009 to reflect changes in the reporting of expenses consistent with accrual accounting concepts. New total cost measures were introduced and revised in 2010. Total costs mean operating costs as defined in MPMP, plus amortization and interest on long term debt, less revenue received from other municipalities for tangible capital assets.
- Financial Information Return: 91 3210 35 (Operating costs measure) and 91 3210 45 (Total costs measure).

Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) ● 2012 RESULTS

Drinking Water

CONTACT PERSON FOR DRINKING WATER: Peggy Young Lovelace

9.1 DRINKING WATER TREATMENT – EFFICIENCY								
	2012 2011 2010 2009							
9.1 a)	Operating costs for the treatment of drinking water per megalitre.	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
9.1 b)	Total costs for the treatment of drinking water per megalitre.	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				

OBJECTIVE:

Efficient municipal water treatment services.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

REFERENCE:

- The formulas for efficiency measures were revised in 2009 to reflect changes in the reporting of expenses consistent with accrual accounting concepts. New total cost measures were introduced and revised in 2010. Total costs mean operating costs as defined in MPMP, plus amortization and interest on long term debt, less revenue received from other municipalities for tangible capital assets.
- Financial Information Return: 91 3311 35 (Operating costs measure) and 91 3311 45 (Total costs measure).

9.2 DRINKING WATER DISTRIBUTION/TRANSMISSION – EFFICIENCY									
			2012	201	1	2010		2009	
9.2 a)	Operating costs for the distribution/ transmission of drinking water per kilometre of water distribution pipe.	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	
9.2 b)	Total costs for the distribution/ transmission of drinking water per kilometre of water distribution pipe.	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-			

OBJECTIVE:

Efficient municipal water distribution/transmission services.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

- The formulas for efficiency measures were revised in 2009 to reflect changes in the reporting of expenses consistent with accrual accounting concepts. New total cost measures were introduced and revised in 2010. Total costs mean operating costs as defined in MPMP, plus amortization and interest on long term debt, less revenue received from other municipalities for tangible capital assets.
- Financial Information Return: 91 3312 35 (Operating costs measure) and 91 3312 45 (Total costs measure).

Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) • 2012 RESULTS

9.3 DRINKING WATER INTEGRATED SYSTEM – EFFICIENCY					
	2012	2011	2010	2009	
9.3 a) Operating costs for the treatment and distribution/transmission of drinking water per megalitre (integrated system).	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
9.3 b) Total costs for the treatment and distribution/transmission of drinking water per megalitre (integrated system).	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		

OBJECTIVE:

Efficient municipal water system (integrated system).

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

REFERENCE:

- The formulas for efficiency measures were revised in 2009 to reflect changes in the reporting of expenses consistent with accrual accounting concepts. New total cost measures were introduced and revised in 2010. Total costs mean operating costs as defined in MPMP, plus amortization and interest on long term debt, less revenue received from other municipalities for tangible capital assets.
- Financial Information Return: 91 3313 35 (Operating costs measure) and 91 3313 45 (Total costs measure).

9.4 BOIL	WATER ADV	ISORIES – EF	FECTIVENES	SS	
	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
9.4 Weighted number of days when a boil water advisory issued by the medical officer of health, applicable to a municipal water supply, was in effect.	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

OBJECTIVE:

Water is safe and meets local needs.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

REFERENCE:

• Financial Information Return: 92 3355 07.

Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) ● 2012 RESULTS

9.5 BRE	AKS IN WATE	R MAINS – EF	FECTIVENES	SS	
	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
9.5 Number of water main breaks per 100 kilometres of water distribution pipe in a year.		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

OBJECTIVE:

Improve system reliability.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

REFERENCE:

• Financial Information Return: 92 3356 07.

Solid Waste Management (Garbage)

CONTACT PERSON FOR SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT: Peggy Young Lovelace

10.1 GARBAGE COLLECTION – EFFICIENCY						
	2012	2011	2010	2009		
10.1 a) Operating costs for garbage collection per tonne or per household.(Specify)	\$ 206.73	\$ 177.50	\$ 153.72	\$ 150.00		
10.1 b) Total costs for garbage collection per tonne or per household. (Specify)	\$ 206.73	\$ 177.50	\$ 153.72			

OBJECTIVE:

Efficient municipal garbage collection services.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

- The formulas for efficiency measures were revised in 2009 to reflect changes in the reporting of expenses consistent with accrual accounting concepts. New total cost measures were introduced and revised in 2010. Total costs mean operating costs as defined in MPMP, plus amortization and interest on long term debt, less revenue received from other municipalities for tangible capital assets.
- Financial Information Return: 91 3404 35 (Operating costs measure) and 91 3404 45 (Total costs measure).

Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) ● 2012 RESULTS

10.2 GARBAGE DISPOSAL – EFFICIENCY											
	2012	2011	2010	2009							
10.2 a) Operating costs for garbage disposal per tonne or per household. (Specify)	-\$ 355.29	\$ 71.44	\$ 630.44	\$ 179.00							
10.2 b) Total costs for garbage disposal per tonne or per household. (Specify)	-\$ 355.29	\$ 71.44	\$ 630.44								

OBJECTIVE:

Efficient municipal garbage disposal services.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

2011 numbers reflect the decrease in liability and closure costs.

REFERENCE:

- The formulas for efficiency measures were revised in 2009 to reflect changes in the reporting of expenses consistent with accrual accounting concepts. New total cost measures were introduced and revised in 2010. Total costs mean operating costs as defined in MPMP, plus amortization and interest on long term debt, less revenue received from other municipalities for tangible capital assets.
- Financial Information Return: 91 3504 35 (Operating costs measure) and 91 3504 45 (Total costs measure).

10.3 SOLID WASTE DIVERSION (RECYCLING) – EFFICIENCY												
			2012		2011		2010		2009			
10.3 a) Operating costs for diversion per tonno (Specify)	or solid waste e or per household.	\$	763.77	\$	587.73	\$	797.88	\$	622.00			
10.3 b) Total costs for soli per tonne or per h	id waste diversion ousehold. (Specify)	\$	763.77	\$	587.73	\$	797.88					

OBJECTIVE:

Efficient solid waste diversion (recycling) services.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

- The formulas for efficiency measures were revised in 2009 to reflect changes in the reporting of expenses consistent with accrual accounting concepts. New total cost measures were introduced and revised in 2010. Total costs mean operating costs as defined in MPMP, plus amortization and interest on long term debt, less revenue received from other municipalities for tangible capital assets.
- Financial Information Return: 91 3606 35 (Operating costs measure) and 91 3606 45 (Total costs measure).

Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) ● 2012 RESULTS

10.4 SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT (INTEGRATED SYSTEM) – EFFICIENCY											
	20	12	2011		2010		2009				
10.4 a) Average operating costs for solid waste management (collection, disposal and diversion) per tonne or per household. (Specify)	-\$ 78.5	5	\$ 146.39	\$	785.00	\$	170.00				
10.4 b) Average total costs for solid waste management (collection, disposal and diversion) per tonne or per household. (Specify)	-\$ 78.5	5	\$ 146.39	\$	785.00						

OBJECTIVE:

Efficient solid waste management (integrated system).

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

REFERENCE:

- The formulas for efficiency measures were revised in 2009 to reflect changes in the reporting of expenses consistent with accrual accounting concepts. New total cost measures were introduced and revised in 2010. Total costs mean operating costs as defined in MPMP, plus amortization and interest on long term debt, less revenue received from other municipalities for tangible capital assets.
- Financial Information Return: 91 3607 35 (Operating costs measure) and 91 3607 45 (Total costs measure).

10.5 COMPLAINTS – COLLECTION OF GARBAGE AND RECYCLED MATERIALS EFFECTIVENESS											
	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008						
10.5 Number of complaints received in a year concerning the collection of garbage and recycled materials per 1,000 households.	4.0	2.0	9.0	11.0	17.0						

OBJECTIVE:

Improved collection of garbage and recycled materials.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

REFERENCE:

• Financial Information Return: 92 3452 07.

Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) ● 2012 RESULTS

	10.6 NUMBER OF MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITIES EFFECTIVENESS											
		2012	2011	2010	2009	2008						
10.6	Total number of solid waste management facilities owned by the municipality with a Ministry of Environment certificate of approval.	0	0	0	1	1						
	OBJECTIVE: Context for solid waste management facility compliance measure.											
	NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS: Landfill closed.											
	REFERENCE: • Financial Information Return: 92 35	552 07.										

FIR Facility Name	Days	Days	Days	Days	Days
ine #	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
3553					
3554					
3555					
3556					
3557					
3558					
3559					
3560					
3561					
3562 Please delete unused rows.					

10.7 FACILITY COMPLIANCE - EFFECTIVENESS

OBJECTIVE:

Municipal solid waste services do not have an adverse impact on environment.

- Facility Name: 92 3553 03 to 92 3562 03 in Financial Information Return.
- Days: 92 3553 07 to 92 3562 07.

Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) ● 2012 RESULTS

	10.8 DIVERSION OF RESIDENTIAL SOLID WASTE EFFECTIVENESS												
		2012	2011	2010	2009	2008							
10.8	Percentage of residential solid waste diverted for recycling.	8%	7%	7%	7%	7%							
	OBJECTIVE: Municipal solid waste reduction programs divert waste from landfills and/or incinerators.												
	NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDE	ERSTANDING R	ESULTS:										
	REFERENCE:												
	 Financial Information Return: 92 36 	55 07.											

10.9 DIVERSION OF RESIDENTIAL SOLID WASTE (Based on Combined Residential and Industrial/Commercial/Institutional Tonnage) **EFFECTIVENESS** 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 Percentage of residential solid waste diverted for recycling (based on N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A combined residential and ICI tonnage). **OBJECTIVE:** Municipal solid waste reduction programs divert waste from landfills and/or incinerators. **NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS: REFERENCE:** • ICI means Industrial/Commercial/Institutional.

• Financial Information Return: 92 3656 07.

Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) ● 2012 RESULTS

Parks and Recreation

CONTACT PERSON FOR PARKS AND RECREATION: Peggy Young Lovelace

11.1 PARKS – EFFICIENCY											
	2012	2011	2010	2009							
11.1 a) Operating costs for parks per person.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A							
11.1 b) Total costs for parks per person.	N/A	N/A	N/A								

OBJECTIVE:

Efficient operation of parks.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

REFERENCE:

- The formulas for efficiency measures were revised in 2009 to reflect changes in the reporting of expenses consistent with accrual accounting concepts. New total cost measures were introduced and revised in 2010. Total costs mean operating costs as defined in MPMP, plus amortization and interest on long term debt, less revenue received from other municipalities for tangible capital assets.
- Financial Information Return: 91 7103 35 (Operating costs measure) and 91 7103 45 (Total costs measure).

11.2 RECREATION PROGRAMS – EFFICIENCY										
	201	2	2011		2010		2009			
11.2 a) Operating costs for recreation programs per person.	\$ 55.4	3	\$ 52.39	\$	27.74	\$	20.00			
11.2 b) Total costs for recreation programs per person.	\$ 59.2	6	\$ 55.63	\$	30.33					

OBJECTIVE:

Efficient operation of recreation programs.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

- The formulas for efficiency measures were revised in 2009 to reflect changes in the reporting of expenses consistent with accrual accounting concepts. New total cost measures were introduced and revised in 2010. Total costs mean operating costs as defined in MPMP, plus amortization and interest on long term debt, less revenue received from other municipalities for tangible capital assets.
- Financial Information Return: 91 7203 35 (Operating costs measure) and 91 7203 45 (Total costs measure).

Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) ● 2012 RESULTS

11.3 RECREATION FACILITIES – EFFICIENCY												
		2012		2011		2010		2009				
11.3 a) Operating costs for recreation facilities per person.	\$ 5	52.48	\$	52.73	\$	34.69	\$	29.00				
11.3 b) Total costs for recreation facilities per person.		69.57	\$	69.49	\$	46.52						

OBJECTIVE:

Efficient operation of recreation facilities.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

REFERENCE:

- The formulas for efficiency measures were revised in 2009 to reflect changes in the reporting of expenses consistent with accrual accounting concepts. New total cost measures were introduced and revised in 2010. Total costs mean operating costs as defined in MPMP, plus amortization and interest on long term debt, less revenue received from other municipalities for tangible capital assets.
- Financial Information Return: 91 7306 35 (Operating costs measure) and 91 7306 45 (Total costs measure).

11.4 RECREATION PROGRAMS AND RECREATION FACILITIES (SUBTOTAL) EFFICIENCY											
	20	12	2011	201	0	2009					
11.4 a) Operating costs for recreation programs and recreation facilities per person (Subtotal).	\$ 107.9	10 5	\$ 105.13	\$ 62.43	3	\$ 94.00					
11.4 b) Total costs for recreation programs and recreation facilities per person (Subtotal).	\$ 128.8	3 8	\$ 125.12	\$ 76.85	5						

OBJECTIVE:

Efficient operation of recreation programs and facilities.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

- The formulas for efficiency measures were revised in 2009 to reflect changes in the reporting of expenses consistent with accrual accounting concepts. New total cost measures were introduced and revised in 2010. Total costs mean operating costs as defined in MPMP, plus amortization and interest on long term debt, less revenue received from other municipalities for tangible capital assets.
- Financial Information Return: 91 7320 35 (Operating costs measure) and 91 7320 45 (Total costs measure).

Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) ◆ 2012 RESULTS

	11.5 TRAILS – EFFECTIVENESS												
		2012	2011	2010	2009	2008							
11.5	Total kilometres of trails.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A							
11.5	Total kilometres of trails per 1,000 persons.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A							
	OBJECTIVE: Trails provide recreation opportunities												
	NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UND	ERSTANDING R	ESULTS:										
	REFERENCE:												
	• Financial Information Return: 92 7	152 05 and 92 71	52 07.										

	11.6 OPEN SPACE – EFFECTIVENESS						
		2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	
11.6	Hectares of open space (municipally owned).	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
11.6	Hectares of open space per 1,000 persons (municipally owned).	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	OBJECTIVE: Open space is adequate for population	n.					

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

REFERENCE:

• Financial Information Return: 92 7155 05 and 92 7155 07.

Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) ◆ 2012 RESULTS

	11.7 PARTICIPANT HOURS FOR RECREATION PROGRAMS EFFECTIVENESS						
		2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	
11.7	Total participant hours for recreation programs per 1,000 persons.	180.0	504.0	504.0	N/A	N/A	
	OBJECTIVE: Recreation programs serve needs of residents.						
	Recreation programs serve needs of residents. NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:						
	REFERENCE: • Financial Information Return: 92 72	55 07.					

	11.8 INDOOR RECREATION FACILITY SPACE – EFFECTIVENESS							
		2012	2011	2010	2009	2008		
·	e metres of indoor recreation es (municipally owned).	84	84	N/A	N/A	N/A		
facilitie	e metres of indoor recreation es per 1,000 persons cipally owned).	155.0	155.0	N/A	N/A	N/A		

OBJECTIVE:

Indoor recreation facility space is adequate for population.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

REFERENCE:

• Financial Information Return: 92 7356 05 and 92 7356 07.

Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) ◆ 2012 RESULTS

	11.9 OUTDOOR RI	ECREATION FAC	CILITY SPACE	E – EFFECTIV	ENESS	
		2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
11.9	Square metres of outdoor recreation facility space (municipally owned).	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
11.9	Square metres of outdoor recreation facility space per 1,000 persons (municipally owned).	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	OBJECTIVE: Outdoor recreation facility space is adec					
NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:						
	REFERENCE: • Financial Information Return: 92 735	9 05 and 92 7359 ()7.			

Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) • 2012 RESULTS

Libraries

CONTACT PERSON FOR LIBRARIES:

12.1 LIBRARY COSTS PER PERSON – EFFICIENCY						
	2012	2011	2010	2009		
12.1 a) Operating costs for library services per person.	\$ 3.79	\$ 3.59	\$ 3.26	\$ 3.26		
12.1 b) Total costs for library services per person.	\$ 3.79	\$ 3.59	\$ 3.26			

OBJECTIVE:

Efficient library services.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

Library services contracted to the Town of Espanola.

REFERENCE:

- The formulas for efficiency measures were revised in 2009 to reflect changes in the reporting of expenses consistent with accrual accounting concepts. New total cost measures were introduced and revised in 2010. Total costs mean operating costs as defined in MPMP, plus amortization and interest on long term debt, less revenue received from other municipalities for tangible capital assets.
- Financial Information Return: 91 7405 35 (Operating costs measure) and 91 7405 45 (Total costs measure).

12.2 LIBRARY COSTS PER USE – EFFICIENCY					
	2012	2011	2010	2009	
12.2 a) Operating costs for library services per use. ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
12.2 b) Total costs for library services per use.	N/A	N/A	N/A		

OBJECTIVE:

Efficient library services.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

- The formulas for efficiency measures were revised in 2009 to reflect changes in the reporting of expenses consistent with accrual accounting concepts. New total cost measures were introduced and revised in 2010. Total costs mean operating costs as defined in MPMP, plus amortization and interest on long term debt, less revenue received from other municipalities for tangible capital assets.
- ¹The calculation of electronic library uses was updated in 2009 to include the number of people using the public library wireless connection. In 2011 three additional categories of reference transactions were added to the definition of library uses. This may affect the comparability of 2011 results with earlier years.
- Financial Information Return: 91 7406 35 (Operating costs measure) and 91 7406 45 (Total costs measure).

Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) • 2012 RESULTS

12.3 LIBRARY USES – EFFECTIVENESS					
	2012	2011	2010	2009	
12.3 Library uses per person. ¹					

OBJECTIVE:

Increased use of library services.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

REFERENCE:

- ¹ The calculation of electronic library uses was updated in 2009 to include the number of people using the public library wireless connection. In 2011 three additional categories of reference transactions were added to the definition of library uses. This may affect the comparability of 2011 results with earlier years.
- Financial Information Return: 92 7460 07.

Line numbers for prior years:

• The FIR reference for the measure, library uses per person, did not change in 2009.

12.4 ELECTRONIC LIBRARY USES – EFFECTIVENESS						
	2012	2011	2010	2009		
12.4 Electronic library uses as a percentage of total library uses. ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		

OBJECTIVE:

Better information on library usage.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

- ¹ The calculation of electronic library uses was updated in 2009 to include the number of people using the public library wireless connection. In 2011 three additional categories of reference transactions were added to the definition of library uses. This may affect the comparability of 2011 results with earlier years.
- Financial Information Return: 92 7463 07.

Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) • 2012 RESULTS

12.5 NON - ELECTRONIC LIBRARY USES - EFFECTIVENESS						
	2012	2011	2010	2009		
12.5 Non-electronic library uses as a percentage of total library uses. 1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
OD IECTIVE.						

OBJECTIVE:

Better information on library usage.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

- ¹ The calculation of electronic library uses was updated in 2009 to include the number of people using the public library wireless connection. In 2011 three additional categories of reference transactions were added to the definition of library uses. This may affect the comparability of 2011 results with earlier years.
- Financial Information Return: 92 7462 07.

Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) ● 2012 RESULTS

Land Use Planning

CONTACT PERSON FOR LAND USE PLANNING: Peggy Young Lovelace

13.1 LOCATION OF NEW RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT – EFFECTIVENESS						
	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	
13.1 Percentage of new residential units located within settlement areas.	N/A	50%	N/A	N/A	N/A	

OBJECTIVE:

New residential development is occurring within settlement areas.

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

REFERENCE:

• Financial Information Return: 92 8170 07.

13.2 PRESERVATION OF AGRICULTURAL LAND DURING REPORTING YEAR EFFECTIVENESS						
		2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
13.2	Percentage of land designated for agricultural purposes which was not re-designated for other uses during the reporting year.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	OBJECTIVE: Preservation of agricultural land.	1			1	,

NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:

REFERENCE:

• Financial Information Return: 92 8163 07.

Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) • 2012 RESULTS

	13.3 PRESERVATION OF AGRICULTURAL LAND RELATIVE TO 2000 EFFECTIVENESS						
	2012 2011 2010 2009 200						
13.3	Percentage of land designated for agricultural purposes which was not re-designated for other uses relative to the base year of 2000.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	OBJECTIVE: Preservation of agricultural land.						
	NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:						
	REFERENCE: • Financial Information Return: 92 8164 07.						

13.4 Number of hectares of land originally designated for agricultural purposes which was re-designated for other uses during the reporting year.						
	N/A					
OBJECTIVE: Preservation of agricultural land.						
NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERSTANDING RESULTS:						

Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) • 2012 RESULTS

13.5 CHANGE IN NUMBER OF AGRICULTURAL HECTARES SINCE 2000 EFFECTIVENESS								
		2012	2011	2010	2009	2008		
13.5	Number of hectares of land originally designated for agricultural purposes which was re-designated for other uses since January 1, 2000.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
	OBJECTIVE: Preservation of agricultural land.							
	NOTES & KEY FACTORS FOR UNDERS	STANDING RESU	JLTS:					
	REFERENCE: • Financial Information Return: 92 8166	07.						